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Chlorophosphatebetaines as Phosphorylating Agents in Nucleotide Synthesis

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CHLOROPHOSPHATEBETAINES AS PHOSPHORYLATING AGENTS IN NUCLEOTIDE SYNTHESIS

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The Chlorophosphatebetaine (I), synthesized 1981 by Meisel and Wolf (1), was applied in one-bottle approach for synthesis of nucleoside di- and triphosphates or dinucleotides in µmolscale with good yields (2).

R'OH = ROH, other alcohols The reactivity of P-C1--bond and nucleosides was studied.

(I) reacts with 2',3'-isopropylideneuridine in absolute pyridine to (II), which is indicated in the \$1P-NMR by a triplet signal of 4.7 ppm upfield with J = 7 Hz. The P-Cl-bond in (I) reacts like POCL: with primary OH-groups in 3'acetylthymidine about thirty times faster than with the secondary OH-groups tritylthymidine. (II) reacts fastly with nucleophilic reagents $P_{x}O_{7}^{4-}$, HPO_{4}^{2-} or R'OH in excess in the same solvent to give the products (III), (IV), (V).

Results obtained with a dithioderivate (3) of betaine (I) will be included in the discussion.

- (1) G. U. Wolf, M. Meisel, Z. Chem. <u>22</u> (2), 54 (1982).
- (2) E. Bauschke, M. Meisel, Th. Brankoff, DDR-Patent, WP C07H/223311 (2.12.1981).
- (3) M. Meisel, H. Grunze, Z. anorg. allg. Chem. <u>360</u>, 277 (1968).